



SAN FRANCISCO

CALIFORNIA



LOCAL LANDSCAPE

Population, 2016: **870,887**

Median income, 2015: **\$81,294**

Annual costs (family of 4), 2014: **\$91,785**

Number of abortion clinics: **≥ 4**

Number of Title X clinics: **20**

Number of SBHCs: **22**

Number of CPCs: **~ 3**

Unintended pregnancy: **N/A**

Maternal mortality: **N/A**

Teen births, 2005-2011: **15.4** per 1,000, ages 15-19

PROTECTING ABORTION CLINIC ACCESS



- Clinic safety ordinance
- Regulations on crisis pregnancy centers
- No funding for crisis pregnancy centers

SUPPORTING YOUNG PEOPLE



- Support for pregnant and parenting youth
- Sexuality education policy: *Comprehensive sexuality education*
- Reproductive health care in school-based health centers

ADVANCING INCLUSIVE POLICIES



- Anti-discrimination ordinance for municipal employees on:
- Reproductive health decisions
 - Gender identity
 - Pregnancy

FUNDING AND COVERAGE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CARE



- Funding for abortion
- Funding for family planning
- Funding for STI prevention
- Funding for sexuality education
- Municipal insurance coverage of abortion

SUPPORTING FAMILIES



- Supportive breastfeeding policies
- Paid family leave
- \$15 minimum wage
- Support for undocumented people to access care

- Anti-discrimination ordinance for all employees on:
- Reproductive health decisions
 - Gender identity
 - Pregnancy

TAKING A STAND



- Resolution passed on:
- Support for anti-discrimination policies
 - Opposition to crisis pregnancy centers
 - Support for abortion coverage
 - Pro-choice stance on legislation or ballot initiatives
 - Opposition to sex-selective abortion bans

SPOTLIGHT: Regulating CPCs' Deceptive Advertising

In response to the release of a NARAL Pro-Choice California report on the deceptive practices of crisis pregnancy centers (CPCs) in the state, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors passed an innovative ordinance that prohibits CPCs from making misleading statements or posting deceptive advertisements about their services. It also included a provision enabling a judge, after finding that a CPC has violated the ordinance, to order the CPCs to post signage indicating whether they offer abortion or abortion referrals and to impose a fine. A federal court upheld this law in 2015.

KEY
 Yes
 No
L Limited
P Preempted
N/A Data not available
 * County-level data